

(SET-A)

Time: 2.1/2 Hours

Marks: 75

Date: 07/05/2022

Note: 1) All questions are compulsory.

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1. Multiple Choice Questions. (Answer any 20) (40 Marks)

1) In oral communication the speaker can observe the listener's _____ to what is being related.

- a) Reaction
- b) Response
- c) Rejection
- d) Reset

2) Which of the following is NOT a common style of delivery?

- a) Contextual
- b) Memorized
- c) Manuscript
- d) Extemporaneous

3) _____ should be used to reinforce points while making a presentation.

- a) Vociferation
- b) visual aids
- c) thumping
- d) anger

4) Flip charts are _____

- a) expensive
- b) complicated
- c) portable
- d) too elaborate

5) The speaker must stand before the audience in a _____ posture.

- a) Relaxed
- b) Lax
- c) Flexible
- d) soldier-like

6) The _____ is the person who transmits the message.

- a) receiver
- b) driver

- c) sender
- d) cleaner

7) _____ helps to improve the efficiency and motivation of the employee.

- a) Exit interview
- b) Appraisal interview
- c) Selection interview
- d) Under stress interview

8) _____ is used to solve the personal problems of the employees which might be affecting their work and efficiency.

- a) Advice
- b) Counselling
- c) Persuasion
- d) Suggestion

9) _____ provides a personal touch which is very valuable for building good will.

- a) Open house
- b) Press conference
- c) Exhibitions
- d) Fairs

10) Finding out facts about the organization you work for and preparing _____ is the basic tool of the successful public relations

- a) fact sheets
- b) questionnaire
- c) survey
- d) bulletins

11) Good business letters are characterized by the following personal quality of the writer:

- a) formality
- b) sincerity
- c) humor
- d) seriousness

12) Which of these is not a type of letters of enquiry?

- a) General enquiries
- b) Personal enquiries
- c) Sales related enquiries
- d) Status enquiries

13) The purpose of writing a letter of complaint is not to start a _____

- a) deal
- b) consignment
- c) quarrel
- d) contract

14) A lead written for so as to be easily understood by as many people as possible should be _____

- a) 18-20 words
- b) 20-35 words
- c) 35-30 words
- d) 30-45 words

15) Summary news leads often stress the unusual aspects of a story because _____

- a) "news" is, by definition, something that deviates from the usual
- b) editors find it easier to write headlines for such stories
- c) editors find it easier to sensationalize such stories
- d) no other choices.

16) _____ report is usually sent in the form of a letter.

- a) Committee
- b) Individual
- c) Sub-committee
- d) Group

17) _____ report deals with promotion of employees.

- a) Project
- b) Performance Appraisal
- c) Inspection
- d) F.I.R

18) _____ spells out the aspects to be covered by the Report.

- a) Terms of Reference
- b) Procedure
- c) Conclusion
- d) Recommendation

19) Complaints to the forum must be in _____

- a) Writing
- b) Private
- c) secrecy
- d) person

- 20) The consumer court is expected to resolve a matter within _____ days.
- 120
 - 60
 - 90
 - 30
- 21) _____ can be used to advertise an event such as music concert, festival or political rally.
- Flyer
 - Memo
 - Report
 - Proposal
- 22) The claim can be met by supplying _____
- Information
 - substitute
 - new goods
 - old goods
- 23) The customer is always _____
- wrong
 - right
 - a cheater
 - biased
- 24) Justice delayed is justice _____
- denied
 - refused
 - granted
 - delivered
- 25) _____ are based on the findings of the Report.
- Procedure
 - Terms of Reference
 - Authority
 - Recommendations

Q.2. Answer any one of the following.

(07 Marks)

- 1) Discuss the use of body language during presentation.
- 2) Explain the use of powerful visual aids.
- 3) Explain the principles of making an effective presentation.

TIME : 2 ½ HOURS

MARKS : 75

DATE : 09/05/2022

Question No. 1. Fill in the blanks choose the correct alternative.

(Attempt any Twenty) (40 Marks)

1. Which of the following can be utilized for redemption of preference shares?

- a) The proceeds of fresh issue of equity shares
- b) The proceeds of issue of debentures
- c) The proceeds of issue of fixed deposit
- d) The sale proceeds of investments

2. Capital Redemption Reserve Account may be applied to issue

- (A) Right shares
- (B) Bonus debentures
- (C) Bonus to employees of the company
- (D) Bonus shares

3. No company limited by shares, issue any preference shares which is redeemable after the expiry of a period of _____ from the date of issue.

- (A) Ten years
- (B) Five years
- (C) Twenty years
- (D) Twenty five years

4. The balance in capital redemption reserve is available for

- (A) Issue of fully paid-up bonus shares
- (B) Redemption of preference shares
- (C) Redemption of debentures
- (D) Bonus shares

5. As per the Companies Act, 2013, preference shares that are issued by a company engaged in an infrastructure project can issue preference shares that are redeemable after _____

- (A) 20 years
- (B) 40 years
- (C) 30 years
- (D) 10 years

6. A preference share is one that enjoys a:

- (A) Preferential right regarding payment of dividend
- (B) Preferential right regarding allotment of shares
- (C) Preferential right regarding payment of dividend and return of capital
- (D) Preferential right regarding the return of capital

7. As per the Companies Act, 2013 the companies cannot use the balance of Securities Premium for

- (A) Premium on redemption of debentures
- (B) Issuing bonus shares
- (C) Writing off commission on the issue of shares or debentures
- (D) Loss of issue of debentures

8. A preference shareholder can vote

- (A) When his special rights as a preference shareholder are being varied
- (B) On any resolution for the winding up of the company
- (C) When their dividend has not been paid for a period of 2 years or more.
- (D) All of the above

9. Redeemable Preference shares can be redeemed out of _____

- (A) The sale proceeds of Investments
- (B) The proceeds of a fresh issue of shares
- (C) Share premium
- (D) The proceeds of the issue of debentures

10. When Redeemable Preference shares are due for redemption, the entry will be

- (A) Debit redeemable Preference Share capital A/c; Credit cash A/c
- (B) Debit Redeemable Preference share capital A/c; credit Preference shareholders A/c
- (C) Debit preference shareholders A/c; credit cash A/c
- (D) Debit preference shareholders A/c; credit capital reduction A/c

11. Which of the following cannot be used for the purpose of creation of a capital redemption reserve account?

- (A) Profit & Loss A/c (credit balance)
- (B) General Reserve A/c
- (C) Dividend Equalization Reserve A/c
- (D) Unclaimed Dividends A/c

12. Buy back of equity shares is permissible to the limit of _____ in a year.

- a) 30%
- b) 25%
- c) 10%
- d) 20%

13. The post buy back debt–equity ratio should not exceed _____ .

- a) 02:02
- b) 01:02
- c) 01:01
- d) 02:01

14. The buyback must be completed within _____ months from the date of resolution.

- a) three
- b) two
- c) twelve
- d) six

15. Buy back of shares can be of _____ paid up shares.

- a) fully
- b) partly
- c) fully subscribed
- d) none of the above

16. The company issue _____ class of shares which are subject to buy back.

- a) equity share
- b) preference share
- c) Both a & b
- d) none of the above

17. Buy Back of shares is for _____ class of shares.

- a) preference shares
- b) equity shares
- c) both a & b
- d) none of the above

18. The amount paid in excess of face value of shares bought back should be debited to _____.

- a) dividend equalization reserve
- b) General Reserve
- c) revaluation reserve
- d) premium / reserves

19. The buy back of shares upto 10% of capital can be authorized by _____

- a) directors
- b) shareholder
- c) creditors
- d) none of the above

20. Which of the following methods are used for the valuation of goodwill?

- a) Super profit method
- b) Weighted profit method
- c) Average profit method

d) All of the above

21. The formula for calculating goodwill under the simple average profit method is _____.

- a) Goodwill = Super profit * Annuity factor
- b) Goodwill = Super profit * No. of years purchase
- c) Goodwill = Average profit * No. of years purchase
- d) Goodwill = Weighted average profit * No. of years purchase

22. The weighted average method for calculating goodwill should be followed only when _____.

- a) The profits have a decreasing trend
- b) The profits are uneven
- c) The profits have an increasing trend
- d) None of the above

23. The value of a partly paid equity share is equal to _____.

- a) The value of a fully paid-up share minus the calls unpaid per share
- b) The value of a fully paid-up share divided by the face value of a share
- c) The value of a fully paid-up share
- d) None of the above

24. Profit on cancellation of own debentures is transferred to:

- a) Profit & Loss Account
- b) Profit & Loss Appropriation Account
- c) General Reserve Account
- d) Capital Reserve Account

25. Debentures can be redeemed out of:

- a) Profit
- b) Capital
- c) Provision
- d) All of the above

Question No 2 from the following attempt any one

(7 marks)

A) Following is the Summarized Balance Sheet of Mandangad Ltd. As 31 March 2015.

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
Equity Share Capital	6,00,000	Fixed Assets	14,00,000
(Share Of 10 Each)		Investment	1,00,000
9% Preference Share	2,00,000	Cash And Bank Balance	15,00,000
(Share Of 100 Each)			
Security Premium	3,00,000		
Profit & Loss A/C	4,00,000		
8% Debentures	16,00,000		
Creditors	2,00,000		
	<u>33,00,000</u>		<u>33,00,000</u>

Keeping In View All the Legal Requirement, Ascertain The Maximum Number Of Equity Share, The Company Can Buy Back @Of Rupee 30 Per Share, Being The Current Market Price. Assuming That The Buyback Is Actually Carried Out, You Are Required To:

- Pass Necessary Journal Entries To Record The Above Transactions.
- Prepare Note To Account Of Share Capital & Reserves & Surplus As They Would Appear In. Note To Account Forming Part Of The Balance Sheet Of Mandangad Ltd. As On 31 March 2015.
(Do Not Prepare Balance Sheet)

OR

B) Following is the balance sheet of Nilesh Ltd as on 31st March, 2022

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
Share Capital:		Fixed Assets	10,20,000
80,000 Equity Share Of 10 Each	8,00,000		
4,000 Preference Share Of 100 Each	4,00,000	Bank Balance	6,20,000
Profit & Loss Account	80,000		

Debenture	1,60,000		
Creditors	2,00,000		
	<u>16,40,000</u>		<u>16,40,000</u>

The Company Wants To buy back 20% Of Its Equity Capital At 10% premium. The Company Issued 1200 Preference Share Of 100 Each At 10% Premium Payable as Rupee 20 On Application And The Balance On allotment. These Share Use Duly Taken Up and The Company Purchased the Equity Share Immediately. Pass Journal Entries.

OR

C) Following is the Summarized Balance Sheet of Surya Ltd. As On 31/3/2015.

	Amt		Amt
16,00,000 Equity Share	1,28,00,000	Land & Building	60,00,000
Of 10 Each, 8 Paid Up		Plant & Machinery	60,00,000
Profit & Loss A/C	1,20,00,000	Furniture	44,00,000
Security Premium	40,00,000	Investment	30,00,000
10% Debenture	40,00,000	Debtors	94,00,000
Bank Term Loan	40,00,000	Bank Balance	1,00,00,000
Creditors	60,00,000	Stock	40,00,000
	<u>4,28,00,000</u>		<u>4,28,00,000</u>

The Company Decided to Buy Back Maximum Number of Equity Share As May Be Permitted At A Price Of 20 Per Share Being The Current Market Price. Assuming That the Buy Back Is Actually Carried Out, You Are Required To:

- Pass Necessary Journal Entries in The Book of The Company.
- Prepare Note to Account of Share Capital and Reserves and Surplus as They Would Appear In Note To Account Forming Part Of The Balance Sheet of Surya Ltd As On 31 March 2015. (Do Not Prepare the Balance Sheet)

Question No 3 from the following attempt any one

(7 marks)

A) Ketan Ltd. had 6000, 9% redeemable Preference Shares of Rs.50/- each fully paid. The company decides to redeem the shares at a premium of 10%. The company makes the following issues for the purpose of redemption.

a) 25,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each at a premium of 10%.

The company has a General Reserve of Rs.3,75,000/- and Securities Premium of Rs.50,000/- Pass journal entries to record above transactions

Following is the Balance Sheet of Kavya Ltd. As On 31 March 2017

OR

B) C Ltd. had 10,000, 10% Redeemable Preference Shares of `100 each, fully paid up. The company decided to redeem these preference shares at par, by issue of sufficient number of equity shares of `10 each at a premium of `2 per share as fully paid up. You are required to pass necessary Journal Entries including cash transactions in the books of the company.

OR

C) Hinduja Company Ltd. had 5,000, 8% Redeemable Preference Shares of `100 each, fully paid up. The company decided to redeem these preference shares at par by the issue of sufficient number of equity shares of `10 each fully paid up at par. You are required to pass necessary Journal Entries including cash transactions in the books of the company

Question No 4 from the following attempt any one

(7 marks)

A) Poonam had a balance of Rs. 55,00,000 in its profit and loss account. Instead of declaring a dividend it decided to redeem its Rs. 50,00,000, 8% debenture at a premium of 10%. Pass the necessary journal entries in the books of the company for the redemption of debenture.

OR

4 B) Rahul Ltd issue 10,000, 14% Debenture of Rs. 100 each on 1st April, 2013 at a discount of 5% repayable at a premium of 10% after 5 year out of profit. On 31st March, 2018; The Balance in debenture redemption reserve is Rs. 2,00,000. Pass Journal Entries on the date of issue and redemption. (Ignore interest)

OR

4 C) On 1st January, 2018; following balance appeared in the books of company
14% Debenture: Rs. 16,00,000. Debenture Redemption Reserve Rs. 12,00,000 profit
and loss appropriation accounts Rs. 8,00,000

All debenture were redeemed out if profit at a premium of 10% on 31st December,
2018. (Ignore TDS)

Question No 5 from the following attempt any one

(7 marks)

A) X Y, Z Co. Ltd intends to purchase the business of ABC & Co. Ltd. Goodwill in
the purpose is agreed to be valued at 13 years' purchase of the weighted average
profits of the past 4 years.

The appropriate weights to be:

2003 — 1

2004 — 2

2005 — 3

2006 — 4

The profits in these years were 2003 Rs. 30,900; 2004 Rs. 45,400; 2005 Rs. 35,700;
and 2006 Rs. 48,000.

The following information was available:

- (i) On 1.9.2004 a major repair was made in respect of a Plant at a cost of Rs. 8,000 and this was charged to revenue. The said sum is agreed to be capitalized for Goodwill calculation subject to adjustment of Depreciation of 10% p.a. on Diminishing Balance Method.
- (ii) The Closing Stock for the year 2005 was overvalued by Rs. 3,000.
- (iii) To cover the Management cost an annual charge of Rs. 10,000 should be made for the purpose of Goodwill valuation.

You are asked to compute the value of Goodwill of the company.

OR

B) The following is the Balance Sheet of P. Ltd as at 31.12.1999:

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
Equity Share Capital	2,00,000	Goodwill	
(Share Of 10 Each)		Building at cost	
Profit and Loss A/C	40,000	Plant and Machinery	
<u>Depreciation Fund:</u>		Debtors 30,000	
		Less: RDD (3000)	27,000
Building	5,000	stock	43,000
Plant and Machinery	3,000	Cash at bank	50,000
Creditors	22,000	Discount on issue of share	10,000
Bills Payable	4,000		
Provision for Taxation	6,000		
	<u>2,80,000</u>		<u>2,80,000</u>

The profits of the past four years (before providing for taxation) were: 1996 Rs. 20,000; 1997 Rs. 30,000; 1998 Rs. 36,000 and 1999 Rs. 40,000. Compute the value of Goodwill of the company assuming that the normal rate of return for this type of company is 10%. Income Tax is payable @ 50% on the above profits

OR

C) Following is the balance sheet of Nilu Ltd as on 31st March, 2022

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
Share Capital:		Fixed Assets	10,20,000
80,000 Equity Share Of 10 Each	8,00,000	Land & Building	84,000
4,000 Preference Share Of 100 Each	4,00,000	Bank Balance	6,20,000
Profit & Loss Account	80,000	Furniture	5,000
Debenture	1,60,000	Delivery Van	20,000

Creditors	2,00,000	Stock	2,000
Provision for Taxation	9,000	Book Debts	6,000
Proposed Dividend	15,000	Cash	2,000
	<u>16,40,000</u>		<u>16,40,000</u>

The net profit of the company after charging depreciation and taxes for the year ending 31st March were as following:

2014 -Rs 17,000, 2015 – Rs. 19,000, 2016 – 18,000, 2017 – Rs. 20,000 and 2018 – Rs. 19,000.

On 31st March, 2018, assets valued as under:

Land & Building – Rs. 95,000, Plant & Machinery – Rs. 71,000, Furniture – Rs. 4,000. 10% return on investment can be consider faire for the business.

You are required on investment to find value of goodwill by:

- 1) Five Years purchased of Super Profit
- 2) Capitalization of super profit

Question No 6. From the following attempt any Two

(7 marks)

- 1) Super-Profit Method
- 2) LEGAL PROVISIONS of Redemption of Preference share
- 3) Legal Provision of Buy back of Equity share
- 4) Objective of Buy Back of share

FYBAF, FYBBI, FYBMS

[SET-A]

(FYBBI)

Time: 2.5Hours

Marks: 75

Note: 1) Answers to both the sections should be written in the same answer book.

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1.) Multiple Choice Question (Any 20)

(Marks 40)

1. _____ is the biotic and abiotic elements that surround humans. (Environment/ Geology)
2. The _____ is composed of all the water on or near the earth. (Hydrosphere/ Atmosphere/ Lithosphere/Biosphere)
3. _____ helps to develop the power of concentration. (Meditation/ Social Support/Relaxation/Vacation)
4. The _____ needs lie at the highest level of Maslow's Need Hierarchy Theory. (Social/Self-actualization/Basic/Security).
5. _____ means pre-judgment. (Stereotypes/ Prejudice/Taboo/Conflict)
6. _____ occurs when the person does not know what his or her job is. (Role ambiguity/ Rotating shifts/Stress/Conflict).
7. _____ means movement or shift of people from one place to another. (Migration/Privatization/Liberalization/Globalization)
8. Economic liberalization was a bold decision by the Prime Minister _____ (Narsimha Rao/ Rajiv Gandhi/Narendra Modi/Manmohan Singh)
9. _____ rights aim at personal good of an individual as well as that of the community. (Fundamental/ Enforced/Neutral/Forced)
10. Human rights in a more specified and well-defined manner came with the signing of _____ in 1215. (Magna Carta/ UDHR/General Agreement/Agreement).
11. _____ is the integration of economies and societies. (Hydrosphere/ Atmosphere/ Lithosphere/Biosphere)
12. _____ refers to "removal of controls" to encourage economic development. (Hydrosphere/ Atmosphere/ Lithosphere/Biosphere)
13. _____ refers to negative impact of globalization. (IT/ Brain Drain/Lifestyle/Salary)
14. As per the new Industrial policy, 1991, licensing is required only in _____ industries. (5/6/7/8)
15. _____ environment provides scope for tourism, sports, wildlife and adventure. (Natural/Organizational/Individual/Group)
16. The _____ is composed of all of the water on or near the earth. Hydrosphere/ Atmosphere/ Lithosphere/Biosphere)
17. The _____ is solid, rocky crust covering entire planet. Hydrosphere/ Atmosphere/ Lithosphere/Biosphere)
18. The _____ stressors are called as job-related stressors. (organizational/group/individual/personal)
19. _____ arises when goal directed behaviour is blocked or thwarted. (Frustration/Violence/Taboo/Conflict)
20. The family influences a person's _____ through mirror image of themselves. (attitude/lifestyle/ Networking/Biofeedback)
21. _____ means forming a close association with trusted friends and co-workers. (attitude/lifestyle Networking/Biofeedback)
22. Maslow identified _____ set of needs. (2/5/12/15)
23. _____ are the people who conceal their opinions and feelings and do not take interest in conflict resolution. (Concealers/ Attackers/Disputers/Resolvers)
24. In the state of _____ the number of farmer's suicides is the highest. (MP, UP, Goa, Maharashtra)
25. The UDHR consists of a preamble and _____ articles highlighting human rights and freedoms entitled to everyone in the world. (15/30/45/50)

Q.2. Answer any one of the following

(7 Marks)

- A) Define Globalization. State the impact of globalization.
- B) Define Migration. State its effects.
- C) Globalization and Changes in the Agrarian Sector

Q.3. Answer any one of the following

(7 Marks)

- A) Define environmental degradation and state its causes.
- B) Explain the disciplines of Ecology
- C) Explain the Components of Environment

[SET-A]

Q.4. Answer any one of the following

(7 Marks)

- A) State the Organizational Stressors
- B) State the Group Stressors and Individual Stressors
- C) State the significance of values in Individual Development

Q.5. Answer any one of the following

(7 Marks)

- A) Individual Strategies for coping with stress
- B) Maslow's Theory of Self-Actualization
- C) State the features and Critical Appraisal of Need hierarchy Theory

Q.6) Short Notes (Any 2)

(7 marks)

- A) Types of Migration
- B) Liberalization
- C) Right against Exploitation
- D) Cultural and Educational Rights

**REENA MEHTA COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE &
MANAGEMENT STUDIES
INTERNAL EXAMINATION (Regular) 2021-2022
SYBBI SEMESTER IV**

Subject: Wealth Management (WM)
Time: 40 mins (Paper-I)

Date: 12/03/2022 (Saturday)
Marks :20

Q1. (A) Multiple Choice Question.

(Marks:2.5)

1. _____ involves an analysis of the various choices you can make today to help provide for your financial future. (Investment planning, Tax planning, Retirement planning, Portfolio Management)
2. In _____ stage of Wealth cycle, due to certain events investors receive sudden flow, which increases their wealth significantly. (Accumulation, Transition, Reaping, Sudden wealth surge)
3. According to _____ principle of wealth manager, he shouldn't disclose the client's information to anyone. (Integrity, Objectivity, Confidentiality, Competence)
4. Section _____ is the most widely used section for claiming income-tax deduction. (80A, 80B, 80C, 80CC)
5. More the _____, more the profit. (Income, Risk, time, Liquidity, Safety).

Q1. (B) True or False

(Marks: 2.5)

1. A fiduciary is a person or firm that has agreed to act for & on behalf of someone else in a role & manner that produces a relationship of trust and confidence.
2. Reaping stage is also known as sudden wealth surge.
3. Financial Literacy refers to the set of skills and knowledge that allows an individual to make informed and effective investment decisions.
4. Liquidity refers to the protection of investor principal amount & expected rate of return.
5. Fundamental Analysis is concerned with determining future share price based on past performance.

Q2. Answer in one sentence.

(Marks:05)

1. Tax planning.
2. First stage of wealth cycle.
3. Financial Literacy.
4. Sukanya Samriddhi Account.
5. Fundamental approach of Investment.

Q3. Attempt any 2.

(Marks: 10)

1. What are the qualities of successful investment?
2. What are the various challenges in wealth management?
3. Write distinguish between Fundamental Analysis and Technical Analysis.

ALL THE BEST

REENA METHA COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE & MANAGEMENT STUDIES
INTERNAL EXAMINATION (Regular) 2021-2022
SEMESTER: IV (SYBBI)

Subject: *Business Economics-II (Eco-II)*

Time: 40 Mins (Paper-II)

Date: 12/03/2022 (Saturday)

Marks: 20

Q1 (A) Choose the correct option and rewrite the sentence.

2.5 marks

1. _____ takes place only in the firms. (consumption/production/savings)
2. Taxes are _____ in the circular flow of Income. (injections/disadvantages/leakages)
3. The highest point of Expansion is _____. (peak/trough/depression)
4. _____ = $\Delta C/\Delta Y$ (APC/MPC/APS)
5. MEC curve is _____ sloping. (vertical/downward/upward)

(B) State if the following statements are true or false. (Copy the questions)

2.5 marks

1. Taxation and imports are leakages in the working of Multiplier
2. Investment multiplier is the ratio of final change in income to the initial change in investment
3. Micro economics is the study of individual units of an economy
4. World economy is a part of three sector economy
5. Expansion is characterized by increase in employment

Q2 Answer in one-two sentences

5 marks

1. Macro Economics
2. Four sector economy
3. Prosperity
4. Average Propensity to consume
5. Peak

Q3 Answer the following (Any 2)

10 marks

1. Explain the scope of Macro economics.
2. With the help of a diagram, explain Circular flow of Income in Two Sector economy without savings and investment.
3. Explain the leakages in the working of the Multiplier.

ALL THE BEST

REENA METHA COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE & MANAGEMENT
STUDIES

INTERNAL EXAMINATION (Regular) 2021-2022

SEMESTER: IV (SYBBI)

Subject: *Financial Management-II*

Time: 40 Mins (Paper-I)

Date: 11/03/2022 (Friday)

Marks: 20

Q.1. (A) Multiple Choice Question:

(Marks: 2.5)

1. Profit maximization does not take into consideration
a) risk and cash flow b) cash flow and stock price c) risk and EPS d) EPS and stock price
2. The only viable goal of strategic financial management is
a) Profit maximization b) Wealth maximization c) Sales maximization d) Assets maximization
3. The management function that requires managers to look ahead and establish objectives is
a) Controlling b) Directing c) Planning d) Constraining
4. Higher OL is related to the use of higher
a) Debt b) Equity c) Fixed Cost d) Variable Cost
5. Operating leverage helps in analysis of
a) Business risk b) Financing risk c) Production risk d) Credit risk

Q.1 (B) State whether the following statements are True or False

(Marks: 2.5)

1. The wealth of corporate owners is measured by the share price of the stock.
2. Control function of management involves setting objectives of the concern.
3. EBIT is also known as operating profits.
4. Financial leverage is always beneficial to the firm.
5. Financial leverage is depends upon the operating leverage.

Q.2. Answer the following questions in one or two statements.

(Marks: 5)

1. What is business risk?
2. What is financial risk?
3. What is wealth maximization?
4. What is profit maximization?
5. What is strategic financial management?

Q.3. Answer the following questions (Any one)

(Marks: 10)

1. Calculate operating, financial and combined leverage form the following particulars:

Units sold = 5,000, Variable cost per unit = Rs. 20, 10% Debt = Rs. 1,00,000

Selling price per unit = Rs. 30, EBIT = Rs. 30,000

2. Compute the operating, financial and combined leverages from the given data:

Sales 50,000 units at Rs. 12 per unit

Variable cost at Rs. 8 per unit

Fixed cost Rs. 90,000 (including 10% interest on Rs. 2,50,000)

ALL THE BEST

REENA MEHTA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE AND MANAGEMENT STUDIES

INTERNAL EXAMINATION (REGULAR) 2021-2022

STD.: SYBBI

SUB: COST ACCOUNTING-I

MARKS: 20

Time: 40 Minutes (Paper-II)

Date: 11/03/2022 (Friday)

Q.1. (A) Fill in the blanks with appropriate given options

(2.5marks)

1. Sales - Variable Cost = _____
(Contribution, Profit)
2. Marginal Costing is also known as _____
(Variable Costing, Contract Costing)
3. _____ Cost remain constant.
(Fixed, Variable)
4. _____ indicates No Profit No Loss.
(BEP Sales, MOS Sales)
5. Contribution - Profit = _____
(Fixed Cost, Variable Cost)

Q.1. (B) State whether the following statements are True or False.

(2.5marks)

1. Contribution Less Fixed Cost = Profit.
2. Profit ÷ P/V Ratio = Margin of Safety.
3. Contribution = Sales x P/V Ratio.
4. MOS Sales = Actual Sales - BEP Sales.
5. Variable Costing is also known as out of Pocket Costing.

Q.2) Answer the following in one sentence.

(5Marks)

- 1) Explain Variable Cost.
- 2) What do you mean by Contribution?
- 3) Write the Formula of P/V Ratio.
- 4) Write the Formula of BEP Sales.
- 5) Write the Formula of Desired Sales.

Q.3) Answer the following Questions. (Any 2)

(10 Marks)

- 1) Sales - Rs.10,00,000 Variable Cost Rs. 5,00,000
Fixed Cost Rs. 2,00,000

Find out P/V Ratio, BEP Sales.

2)

Year	Sales	Profit
2019	Rs.10,00,000	Rs.5,00,000
2020	Rs.20,00,000	Rs.10,00,000

Find out P/V Ratio, Contribution.

- 3) Write a Short Note on Break Even Point Sales.

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REENA METHA COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE & MANAGEMENT
STUDIES

INTERNAL EXAMINATION (Regular) 2021-2022

SEMESTER: IV (SYBBI)

Subject: *Information technology in Banking and Insurance-II*

Date: 10/03/2022 (Thursday)

Time: 40 Mins (Paper-II)

Marks: 20

Q.1. (A) Multiple Choice Question:

1. _____ is a server used for data warehouse:
(i) OLNP (ii) OLCF (iii) OLAP (iv) OLTP
2. _____ is process of extracting the useful information from large database.
(i) data Mining (ii) Data server (iii) Data integration (iv) Data cleaning
3. DBMS is _____
(i) Data Book Managing (ii) Database Managing System
(iii) Database Management System (iv) All of these
4. SDLC has _____ phases.
(i) 2 (ii) 4 (iii) 6 (iv) 10
5. _____ is one of the RDBMS tool.
(i) Data base 4 (ii) DB2 (iii) E-commerce (iv) DB6

(Marks: 2.5)

Q.1 (B) State whether the following statements are True or False

1. MYSQL is a RDBMS tool.
2. Periodic maintenance is not needed for any project.
3. Database stores the lot of information.
4. Database are used to reduce the redundancy.
5. Project Management is establishing principles, procedures and policies to manage a project.

(Marks: 2.5)

Q.2. Answer the following questions in one or two statements.

1. Mention functions of data warehouse.
2. What is SDLC?
3. Mention all the phases of project management.
4. What is function of load manager?
5. What is KDD explain with the help of diagram?

(Marks: 5)

Q.3. Answer the following questions (Any 2)

1. Explain all the phases of SDLC.
2. Explain the architecture of data warehouse with the help of diagram.
3. What is the role of DBMS in banking?

(Marks: 10)

ALL THE BEST

REENA MEHTA COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE & MANAGEMENT
STUDIES
INTERNAL EXAMINATION (Regular) 2021-2022
SYBBI SEMESTER IV

Subject: Corporate and Securities Law (CSL)
Time: 40 mins (Paper-I)

Date: 10/03/2022 (Thursday)
Marks :20

Q.1. (A) Match the columns:

(Marks: 2.5)

A	B
(a) Companies Act	(i) 7
(b) Memorandum of Association	(ii) 200
(c) Ultra vires:	(iii) Beyond the power
(d) Private company	(iv) Object clause
(e) Public Company	(v) 2013

Q.1 (B) State whether the following statements are True or False

(Marks: 2.5)

- (a) To form a company, registration is compulsory.
- (b) MOA stands for Management of Article.
- (c) DIN stands for Director Investment Number.
- (d) CIN stands for Company Identification Name.
- (e) AOA means Article of Association.

Q.2. Answer the following.

(Marks: 5)

- (a) What is the important principles laid down in Saloman v/s Saloman & Co.Ltd. case?
- (b) Which documents states the object clause of the Company?
- (c) What does DIN stand for?
- (d) What does CIN stand for?
- (e) What is the maximum number of membership for private and public company?

Q.3. Answer the following questions (Any 2)

(Marks: 10)

- (a) What is Memorandum of Association. Explain its clauses.
- (b) Discuss the procedure for registration of company.
- (c) What is Company? Explain its features.

ALL THE BEST



REENA METHA COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE & MANAGEMENT
STUDIES

INTERNAL EXAMINATION (Regular) 2021-2022

SEMESTER: VI (TYBBI)

Subject: International Banking (IB)

Date: 09/03/2022 (Wednesday)

Time: 40 Mins (Paper-I)

Marks: 20

Q.1 (A) Multiple Choice Question (2.5 Marks)

1. Franchising is a form of licensing in which a franchiser grants permission to _____.
(a) Contract (b) Franchisee (c) Turnkey (d) Assembly.
2. Joint venture is _____ type of organization.
(a) Long (b) Permanent (c) Medium (d) Temporary.
3. A firm may use _____ alliance to enter a foreign market by forming an alliance with a firm in the foreign market.
(a) Strategic (b) Wholesale (c) Retail (d) Assembly
4. _____ is a system of international trading that helps governments reduce imbalances in trade between them and other countries.
(a) Mergers (b) Acquisitions (c) Counter trade (d) Joint Venture.
5. Globalization refers to the process of _____ barriers between countries and encourages closer economic, social and political interactions.
(a) Increasing (b) Balancing (c) Averagely (d) Reducing.

Q.1 (B) Match the Columns: - (2.5 Marks)

Group A	Group B
1) Ease of doing Index	a) Objectives
2) Internal Environment	b) Trade Cycle
3) Economic Environment	c) Likes & Dislikes
4) Attitudes	d) 2001
5) Aptitudes	e) Training

Q.2) Define the terms: - (5 Marks)

- 1) Business Environment.
- 2) Economic Environment.
- 3) Joint Venture.
- 4) MNC.
- 5) Foreign Trade.

Q.3) Answer Any Two: - (10 Marks)

- 1) Explain the features of International Business.
- 2) Explain Advantages of foreign Trade.
- 3) Explain role of Government in International Business.

ALL THE BEST

REENA MEHTA COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE AND MANAGEMENT
STUDIES

INTERNAL EXAMINATION (Regular) 2021-2022
TYBBI SEMESTER VI

Subject: Auditing II
Time: 40 mins (Paper-II)

Date: 08/03/2022 (Tuesday)
Marks: 20

Q1. (A) Multiple Choice Question.

(Marks: 2.5)

1. _____ is the amount of profit available for distribution of Dividend.
(Net profit before tax, Net profit after tax, Depreciation, Divisible profit)
2. An auditor who is an individual can be appointed for one term of maximum _____ consecutive years. (3,4,5,6)
3. An individual cannot be auditor in more than _____ companies at a time. (10,20,25,35)
4. Misfeasance is a _____ liability in the Companies Act,1956.
(Civil, Criminal, both of the above, None of the above)
5. Audit certificate refers to _____ of certain facts.
(Opinion, Certification, Confirmation, Reporting)

Q1. (B) State whether following statements are True or False.

(Marks: 2.5)

1. Auditor is supposed to report to the board of directors.
2. Auditor is liable only if there is a loss to the party.
3. In case of punishment for fraud under Section 447, if fraud in question involved public interest, the term of imprisonment shall not be less than 7 years.
4. First Auditor is appointed by members of the company.
5. Books in electronic format should be preserved for at least 6 years.

Q2. Answer in one sentence.

(Marks: 05)

1. What is Segment Reporting?
2. Explain the status of Company auditor.
3. What is Special audit?
4. What is No Opinion report?
5. Comment on Qualification of audit certificate.

Q3. Attempt from the following (any 2)

(Marks : 10)

1. Explain various duties of Company auditor.
2. What are the various types of audit reports?
3. Write distinguish between Audit certificate v/s Audit report.

ALL THE BEST

REENA MEHTA COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE & MANAGEMENT
STUDIES

INTERNAL EXAMINATION (Regular) 2021-2022

TYBBI SEMESTER VI

Subject: Central Banking (CB)

Date: 08/03/2022 (Tuesday)

Time: 40 mins (Paper-I)

Marks :20

Q1. (A) Multiple Choice Question.

(Marks:2.5)

1. The RBI became operational in the year _____. (1949, 1934, 1935, 1969)
2. The Central Bank of USA is called the _____. (Reserve Bank of USA, Federal Reserve System, Federal Bank, Bank of USA)
3. _____ is considered as an alternative to Central Bank. (Monetary Policy Committee, Currency Board, Fiscal Policy Committee, Managed float system)
4. Indian Rupee is fully convertible in the _____. (Current account, Capital Account, Both (a) & (b), None of the two.)
5. _____ refers to the policy of the central bank fixing a certain rate of inflation as the target. (Inflation targeting, Exchange rate targeting, Money supply targeting, Money growth targeting)

Q1. (B) State whether the following statements are True or False.

(Marks:2.5)

1. The RBI was established as a private shareholders bank.
2. Globalisation has increased the role of Central Bank.
3. Liberalisation has led to more responsibilities for the Central bank.
4. The bank for International Settlements frames prudential norms for the banking sector.
5. The objective of economic growth is more important than price stability for the RBI.

Q2. Answer the following in one sentence.

(Marks: 5)

1. What is Inflation Targeting?
2. Provide two factors limiting autonomy of Central Bank.
3. What is credibility of central bank?
4. What is Accountability of Central Bank?
5. What is Transparency Central Bank?

Q3. Answer the following questions. (Any 2)

(Marks: 10)

1. Explain the term Autonomy with reference to Central bank along with factors limiting the same.
2. What does mean by Exchange rate targeting? How does it work?
3. Explain the changing role of Central Banking in recent times with the help of example.

ALL THE BEST

REENA METHA COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE & MANAGEMENT
STUDIES

INTERNAL EXAMINATION (Regular) 2021-2022

SEMESTER: VI (TYBBI)

Subject: *Human Resource Management*

Time: 40 Mins (Paper-II)

Date: 07/03/2022 (Monday)

Marks: 20

Q.1. (A) Multiple Choice Question:

(Marks: 2.5)

1. _____ is the process by which we understand the nature of the job and its human requirements. (Job analysis, Job Evaluation, Job specification)
2. _____ is the process of determining the value of a job in order to fix some salary or wages. (Job analysis, Job Evaluation, Job specification)
3. _____ is the process of breaking down a job in to small tasks. (Work simplification, Job design, Job satisfaction)
4. _____ is the process of increasing the scope of a job by adding more tasks to it. (Job enlargement, Job design, Job satisfaction)
5. _____ is the name by which modern day manpower inventory is now known. (Human Resource Information, transfer, promotion)

Q.1 (B) State whether the following statements are True or False

(Marks: 2.5)

1. HRP is futuristic in nature.
2. Promotions are always based on merit.
3. Job design is affected by a behavioral factor.
4. Job analysis helps in performance appraisal.
5. HRM is not a strategic function of an organization.

Q.2. Answer in one-two sentence

(Marks: 5)

1. Function of HR manager
2. Job analysis
3. Job Design
4. Promotion
5. Types of Transfer

Q.3. Answer the following questions (Any 2)

(Marks: 10)

1. Strategies function of HRM
2. Importance of HR Planning
3. Sources of Recruitment

ALL THE BEST

REENA METHA COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE & MANAGEMENT
STUDIES

INTERNAL EXAMINATION (Regular) 2021-2022

SEMESTER: VI (TYBBI)

Subject: *Turnaround Management*

Date: 07/03/2022 (Monday)

Time: 40 Mins (Paper-I)

Marks: 20

Q.1. (A) Multiple Choice Question:

(Marks: 2.5)

1. It is the organization _____ which binds managers together and brings proper adjustment and coordination in their work. (plan, policy, structure)
2. A _____ concern will be an innovator and can easily face the risk of competition. (falling, growing, fading)
3. Industrial sickness contributes to _____ cost economy. (low, high, average)
4. Board for industrial and financial reconstruction (BIFR) was functional with effect from 15th may _____ (1987, 1977, 2007)
5. In 1986, Government helped in formation of small industries development fund (SIDF) under _____. (ICICI, IDBI, IIBI)

Q.1 (B) State whether the following statements are True or False

(Marks: 2.5)

Column A	Column B
1. Economic Objective	a. Economic well-being of the employees
2. Social Objective	b. Reducing disparities among countries
3. Human Objective	c. Supply of quality goods and services
4. National Objective	d. Best possible usage of resources
5. Global Objective	e. Increasing exports

Q.2. Answer in one-two sentence

(Marks: 5)

1. Business environment
2. Diversification
3. Symptoms of sickness
4. BIFR
5. SICA

Q.3. Answer the following questions (Any 2)

(Marks: 10)

1. Define Business Organization. Explain the features of business organization.
2. What is sickness? What are the Internal and External reasons of the sickness in business.
3. Explain the process of Reporting to BIFR.

ALL THE BEST

